





















Natural ventilat	ion by large openings	
Discharge coefficien $\mu = lpha \phi$	t for opening $\mu$	
where $\varphi \\ \alpha$	velocity coefficient [-] coefficient of contraction [-]	
$\varphi = \frac{W}{W_t}$	real and theoretical velocity ratio	
$\alpha = \frac{A'}{A}$	real and theoretical area ratio	
$\mu = \frac{WA'}{W_t A} = \frac{V}{V_t}$	real and theoretical volume flow ratio	
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Natural ventilation by large openings			<b>Å</b>			
Discharge coefficie	nt of opening	g $\mu$				
Opening	H/B		Shi	itter and	le a	
opening		15°	30°	45°	60°	90°
Supply air with	1	0,15	0,3	0,44	0,56	0,64
louver	0,5	0,13	0,27	0,39	0,56	0,61
Single baffle center-	1	0,15	0,3	0,44	0,56	0,64
				0.00	0.5/	0.44











Natural vent Heat coefficient	Natural ventilation by louvers		
Industry application	n	В	
Steel mill	basic furnace	0,30 - 0,35	
	electric furnace	0,35 - 0,40	
	cast hall	0,25 - 0,30	
Rolling mill	furnace	0,25 - 0,30	
	rolling section	0,25 - 0,45	
Foundry	melting-house, cupola	0,40 - 0,45	
	cast into ingots	0,37 - 0,40	
	cooling section	0,65 - 0,70	
Glass factory	tank furnace	0,26 - 0,30	
	pot furnace	0,26 - 0,28	
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## Infiltration



## Example:

Room 10 m<sup>2</sup>, height 2,6 m, window 1,2 x 1,5 m,  $t_0 = -12 \degree C$ ,  $t_1 = 20 \degree C$ 

	<i>i</i> [m <sup>3</sup> /(m.s.Pa <sup>0,67</sup> )]	<b>/</b> [h⁻¹]	<i>O</i> <sub>vent</sub> [W]
Old windows	0,00019	0,80	240
Requirements	0,00001 to 0,000087	0,02 to 0,36	6 to 109
Common windows	0,000025	0,10	31
Top windows	0,000004	0,02	5





• Interupted natural ventilation  

$$\begin{aligned}
\mathcal{M} &= \mu b \sqrt{2g(\rho_o - \rho_i)\rho_o} \int_{0}^{h/2} x^{1/2} dx = \mu b \sqrt{2g(\rho_o - \rho_i)\rho_o} \frac{2}{3} \left(\frac{h}{2}\right)^{3/2} \\
&= \mu \frac{2}{3} b \sqrt{2g(\rho_o - \rho_i)\rho_o} \left(\frac{h^3}{8}\right) \\
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
\mathcal{M} &= \mu \frac{1}{3} b \sqrt{g(\rho_o - \rho_i)\rho_o} h^3
\end{aligned}$$

Example 3: Calculate $M_0 = ?$	HOMEWORK
Dimensions of window	<i>b</i> x <i>h</i> = 1.2 x 1.2 m
Discharge coefficient of window	$\mu_{win} = 0.65$
Atmospheric pressure	<i>p</i> = 100 kPa
Summer:	
Outdoor air temperature	<i>t<sub>o</sub></i> = 30 °C
Indoor air temp.	<i>t<sub>i</sub></i> = 24 °C
Winter:	
Outdoor air temperature	$t_o = 0$ °C
Indoor air temp.	<i>t<sub>i</sub></i> = 20 °C

